Factors which may predispose clients to injury and dysfunction

- Lifestyle
- Age
- Diet
- Previous injury
- Levels of activity
- Stress
- Rest
- Gender
- Body composition
- Anatomy
- Occupation

Factors which may influence a client's ability to recover from injury

- Misdiagnosis
- Underlying medical condition
- Poor circulation
- Age
- Diet
- Lifestyle
- Treatment strategies
- Rest
- Acute/chronic conditions
- Severity of injury
- Stress
- Non-compliance

The affects of ageing process on the musculoskeletal systems

- Atrophy
- Sarcopenia (progressive and generalised skeletal muscle disorder involving the accelerated loss of muscle
- mass and function that is associated with increased adverse outcomes including falls, functional decline, frailty,etc)
- Arthritis (Mono articular)
- Gout
- Rheumatoid arthritis
- Osteoporosis
- Osteoarthritis
- Yellow cartilage (discoloration, degeneration), etc
- Wear and tear
- Yellow marrow
- Calcium loss
- Postural deformity
- · Decrease in bone density
- · Decrease in joint range of movement
- Instability
- · Increased risk of injury